

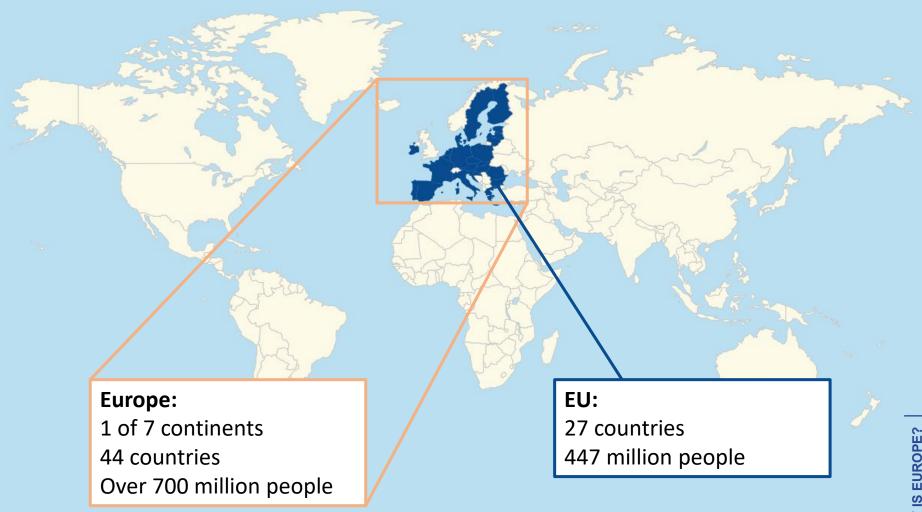


What is Europe?













European Artists

Over the centuries, new styles of music, architecture and literature have inspired artists throughout Europe.

For example:

- Pablo Picasso
- Ludwig van Beethoven
- 3. Alfons Mucha
- 4. Hilma af Klint

- 5. Stefan Zweig
- 6. WisławaSzymborska
- 7. Simone de Beauvoir
- 8. Magda Szabó

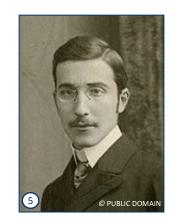


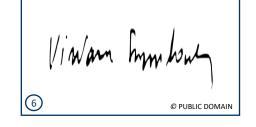
















European Values

- 1. Human dignity
- 2. Freedom
- 3. Democracy
- 4. Equality
- 5. Rule of law
- 6. Human rights









24 Official EU Languages





24 Official EU Languages

Germanic	Romance	Slavic	Other
Danish German English Dutch Swedish	Spanish French Italian Portuguese Romanian	Bulgarian Czech Croatian Polish Slovak Slovene	Estonian Finnish Greek Irish Lithuanian Latvian Hungarian Maltese

The European Project



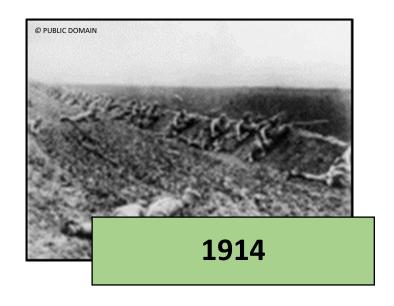


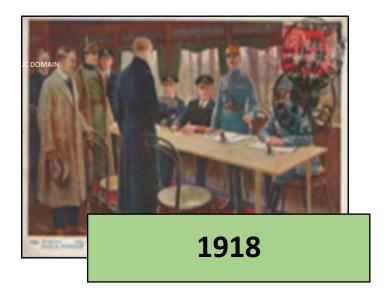


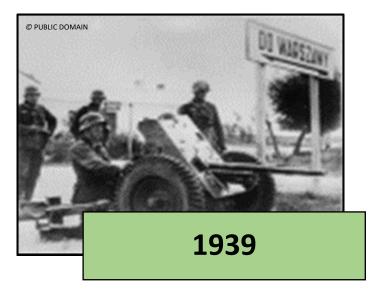




From war to peace





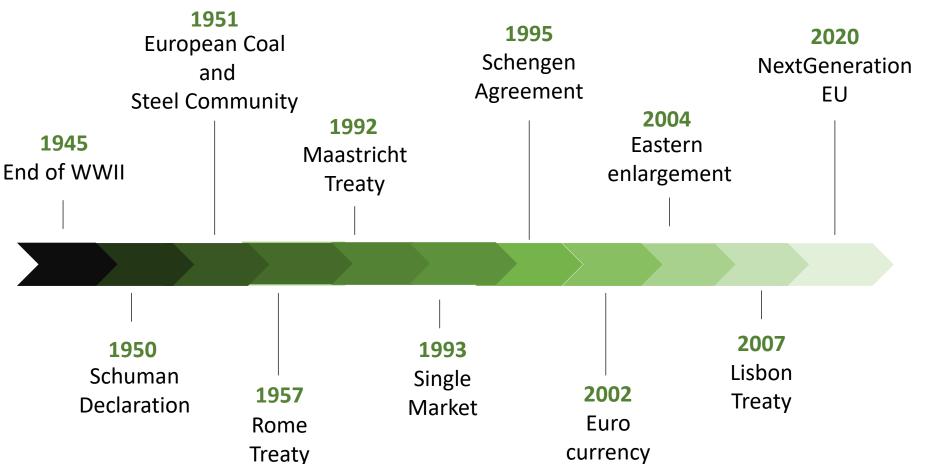








The creation of the European Union

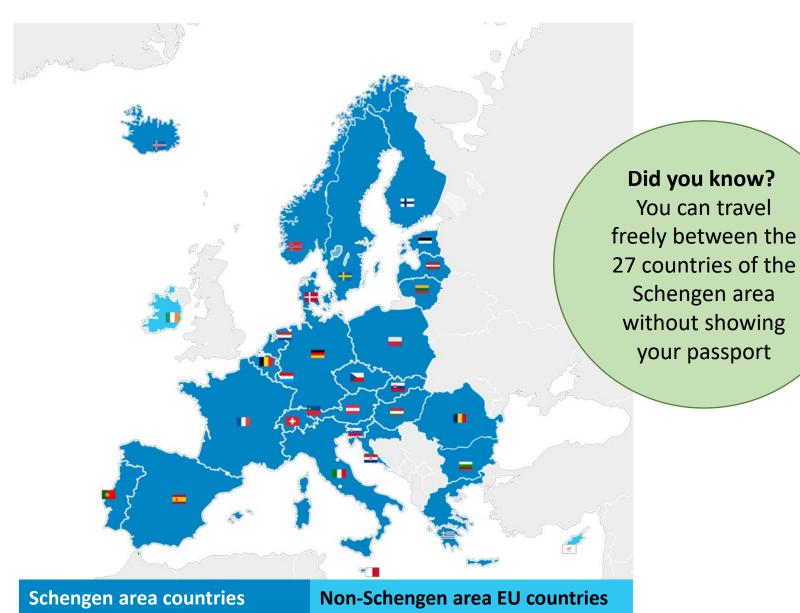


1951	Belgium, Germany, France, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands
1973	Denmark, Ireland, United Kingdom (the UK left the EU in 2020)
1981	Greece
1986	Spain, Portugal
1995	Austria, Finland, Sweden
2004	Czechia, Estonia, Cyprus, Latvia, Lithuania, Hungary, Malta, Poland, Slovenia, Slovakia
2007	Bulgaria, Romania
2013	Croatia





Schengen Area



What does the EU do?











Study, Work and Volunteering

























...and much more!











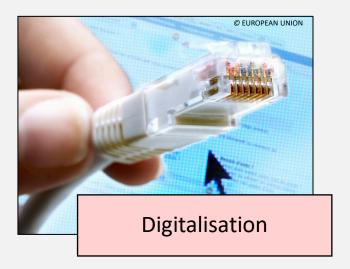




EU Priorities













Continuing EU Solidarity with Ukraine



#StandWithUkraine



One charger for all

USB-C is the common charger for phones, tablets, cameras & more.

Laptops will follow in 2026.

Reduces electronic waste

Makes life **simpler** for everyone

Promotes **sustainability**

More **convenient** for consumers





How does the EU work?





The European Commission



represents the EU common interests

is made up of one President and a Commissioner from each EU country responsible for a specific topic

proposes new laws and programmes

is elected by the European Parliament for five years

manages the EU policies and budget

is the guardian of the EU Treaties

is located in Brussels and Luxembourg







The European Council



brings together the heads of state or government of each EU country

does not adopt EU laws

sets the EU's main priorities and policy directions

meets at least four times a year in Brussels (Belgium) or Luxembourg (Luxembourg) for European Summits





The Council of the EU



represents the governments of the EU countries

brings together ministers of EU countries who meet to discuss EU matters (agriculture, foreign affairs, justice, etc.)

takes decisions and passes laws together with the European Parliament

has a rotating Presidency – every six months another EU country takes the lead

meets in Brussels or Luxembourg







The European Parliament



is the voice of European citizens

has Members from all EU countries directly elected by citizens every five years

discusses new laws proposed by the European Commission

modifies (if necessary) and decides these laws together with the Council

elects the President of the European Commission

approves the EU budget

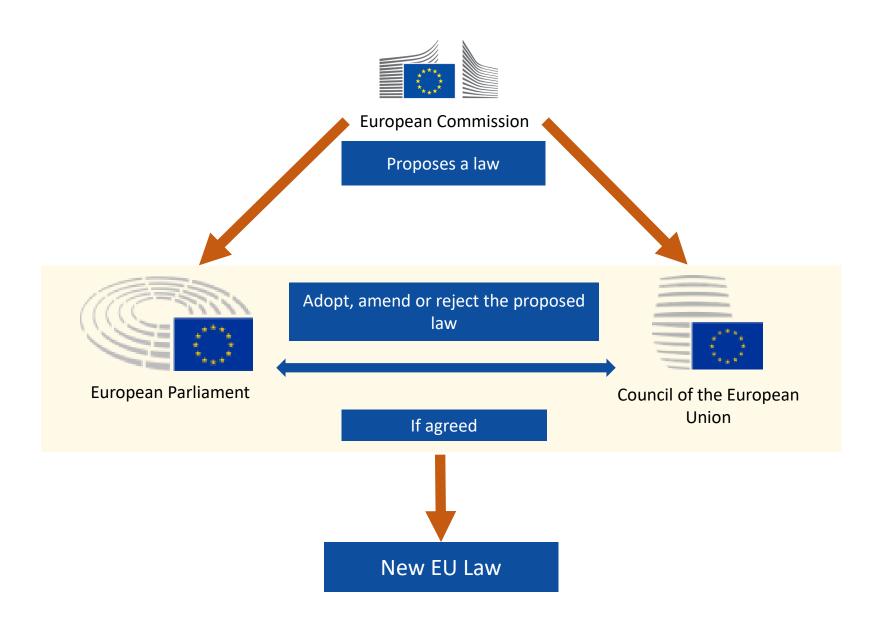
holds at least six sessions per year in Brussels (Belgium) and 12 in Strasbourg (France)





HOW DOES THE EU WORK?

EU Laws: who does what?







The European Court of Justice



keeps track of EU laws

makes sure that EU countries respect EU laws

advises national courts on the interpretation of these laws



fines countries if they do not respect EU laws

checks if the laws respect fundamental rights (e.g. freedom of speech, freedom of the press)

consists of one judge per EU country

is located in Luxembourg





The European Court of Auditors



checks whether the EU's budget has been correctly spent

advises EU policymakers on how to best spend the budget

reports fraud, corruption or other illegal activity

has Members appointed by the Council for six-year terms









The European Central Bank



leads EU economic and monetary policy

manages the European currency – the 'euro'

is responsible for keeping the euro and prices stable

fixes interest rates for the euro area

works with the national central banks of EU countries

has six Members appointed by the Council for an eight-year term that cannot be renewed

is located in Frankfurt (Germany)





How YOU can shape Europe





How you can shape Europe









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Thank you!



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